

## PAL LUMA-CHROMA & DEFLECTION PROCESSOR

PRELIMINARY DATA

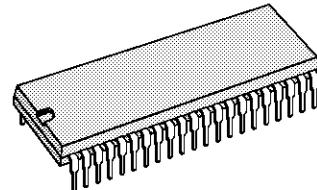
- RGB AND FAST BLANKING INPUTS
- AUTOMATIC CUT-OFF CONTROL
- DC-CONTROLLED BRIGHTNESS, CONTRAST AND SATURATION
- CERAMIC 500kHz VCO FOR LINE DEFLECTION
- PHASE-LOCKED REFERENCE OSCILLATOR USING A STANDARD 4.43MHz
- OSD CAPABILITY ON OUTPUTS
- VIDEO IDENTIFICATION GENERATOR

### DESCRIPTION

The STV2102A is a PAL chroma decoder, video and H/V deflection processor for CTV.

Used with the TDA8222, this IC permits a complete low cost solution with external output stages.

It is pin compatible with STV2110A PAL/SECAM processor.



**SHRINK 42**  
(Plastic Package)

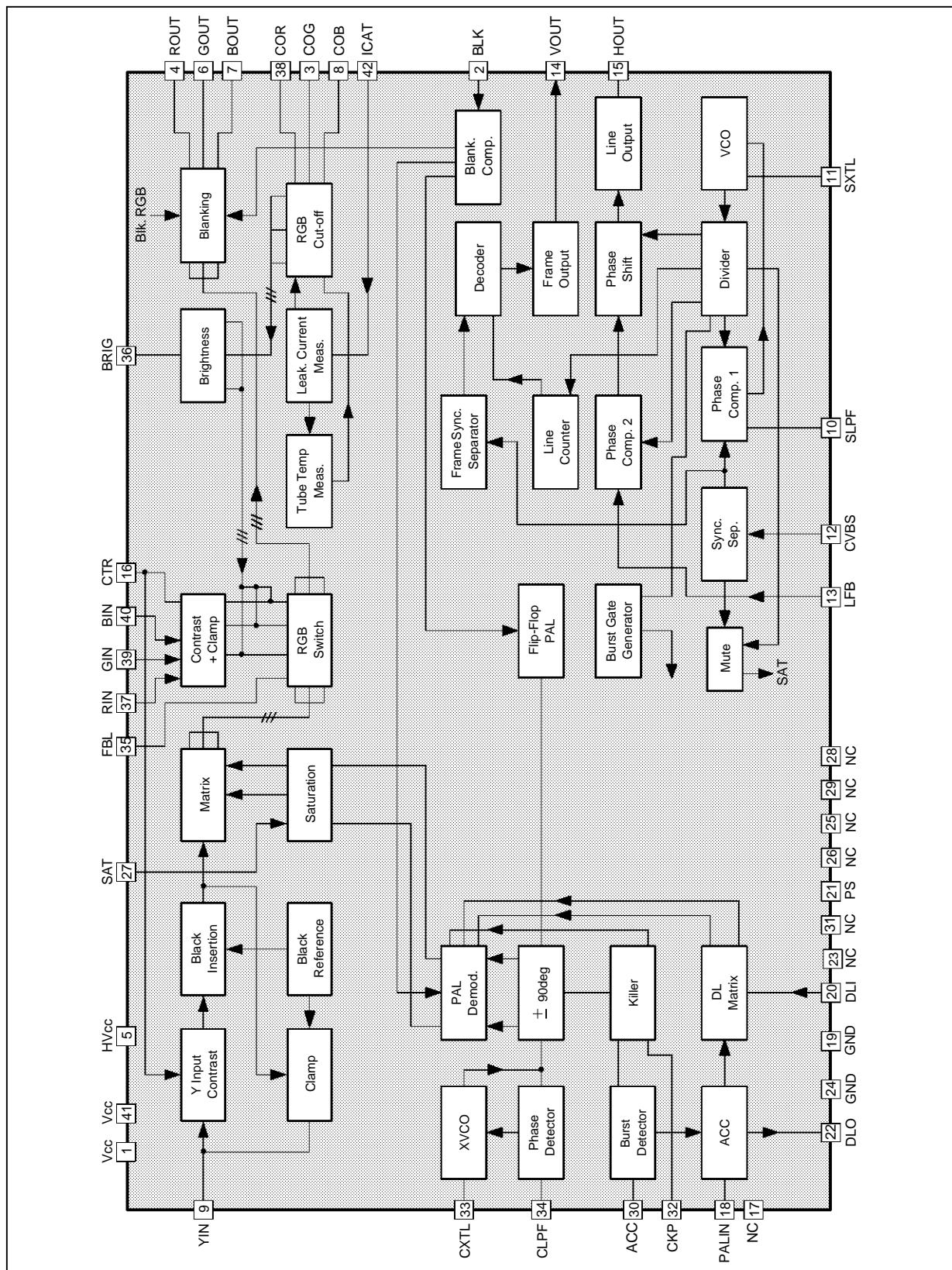
**ORDER CODE : STV2102A**

### PIN CONNECTIONS

SUPPLY VOLTAGE	Vcc	1	42	ICAT	CATHODE CURRENT
BLANKING INPUT	BLK	2	41	Vcc	SUPPLY VOLTAGE INPUT
GREEN CUT-OFF CAPACITOR	COG	3	40	BIN	BLUE INPUT
RED OUTPUT	ROUT	4	39	GIN	GREEN INPUT
HORIZONTAL Vcc	HVcc	5	38	COR	RED CUT-OFF CAPACITOR
GREEN OUTPUT	GOUT	6	37	RIN	RED INPUT
BLUE OUTPUT	BOUT	7	36	BRIG	BRIGHTNESS CONTROL
BLUE CUT-OFF CAPACITOR	COB	8	35	FBL	FAST BLANKING INPUT
LUMINANCE SIGNAL INPUT	YIN	9	34	CLPF	CHROMA LOOP FILTER
SCANNING LOOP FILTER	SLPF	10	33	CXTL	CHROMA XTAL
SCANNING XTAL	SXTL	11	32	CKP	PAL KILLER CAPACITOR
COMPOSITE VIDEO SIGNAL	CVBS	12	31	NC	NOT CONNECTED
LINE FLYBACK INPUT	LFB	13	30	ACC	ACC CONTROL CAPACITOR
VERTICAL OUTPUT	VOUT	14	29	NC	NOT CONNECTED
HORIZONTAL OUTPUT	HOUT	15	28	NC	NOT CONNECTED
CONTRAST CONTROL	CTR	16	27	SAT	SATURATION CONTROL
NOT CONNECTED	NC	17	26	NC	NOT CONNECTED
PAL CHROMA INPUT	PALIN	18	25	NC	NOT CONNECTED
GROUND	GND	19	24	GND	GROUND
DELAY CHROMA INPUT	DLI	20	23	NC	NOT CONNECTED
CHROMASTANDARD	PS	21	22	DLO	CHROMA OUTPUT

2102A-01.EFS

## BLOCK DIAGRAM



## FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

### DEFLECTION

#### Synchronization Separator

The synchronization separator is based on the bottom of synchronization pulses alignment to an internal reference voltage. An external capacitor permits to align synchro. pulses, two external resistors determines the detection threshold of synchro pulses. The frame synchronization pulses are locked to a 32 $\mu$ s reference signal to perfect interlacing.

#### Horizontal Scanning

The horizontal scanning frequency is obtained from a 500kHz VCO. The circuit uses two phase-locked loops (PLL). The first one controls the frequency; the second one, fully integrated, controls the relative phase of the synchronization and the line fly-back signals.

The first PLL has two times constants : a long time constant during the picture to have a good noise immunity, a short time constant at the beginning of the frame to recapture faster the phase in case of VCR video signal. More over, the PLL is in short time constant three lines before frame pulses occurred, it permits to ensure good interlacing when the video signal comes from a VCR tape with high phase error.

The horizontal output signal is 28 $\mu$ s width. On starting up, horizontal pulses are enabled at Vcc = 6.8V. On shutting down, horizontal pulses are inhibited for Vcc = 6.2V.

#### Vertical Scanning

The windows for the frame sync detection are generated by a count down system. The selection of the windows is determined by the IC status :

- video identification off - window : 248/314
- video identification on - window : 248/352

When a sync pulse is detected inside the window a 10.5 lines long pulse is provided to Vout pin.

The count down system provides also the needed signals for the time constant switch, the line PLL inhibition and service signals to the rest of the IC.

### CHROMA

#### ACC Amplifier, DL Matrix Demodulator

The correct chroma subcarrier input, issued from bandpass filter, is internally selected with the standard. The ACC amplifier involves three stages : the first one select the correct input, the

second one the -6dB in picture (PAL mode), the third one is controled by the ACC voltage.

The dynamic range is over than 30dB.

The chrominance output signal is fed to the delay line :

- the adding and subtracting direct and delayed signals are performed by the DL matrix function. Two synchronous demodulators multiplies the (B-Y) signal with the 0 degree phase 4.43MHz reference signal and the (R-Y) signal with the alternate  $\pm$  90 deg. 4.43MHz phase reference signal.

#### 4.43MHz Phase Locked Loop

The oscillating frequency of the 4.43MHz crystal oscillator is controlled by the output voltage of the loop filter. The phase detector will lock the 90 degree reference signal to the direct burst signal. A 90 degree phase shifter permits to recover the 0 degree reference signal. A flip-flop driven by line pulses permits to generate the alternate  $\pm$  90 degree signal.

#### ACC Control and Color Killer

PAL mode :

the direct burst signal is demodulated with the  $\pm$  90 degree reference signal. The demodulation result is used by ACC control and killer function.

If the demodulation result is always positive, the killer capacitor is charged and the standard is identified (color ON). When demodulation result is always negative, the killer capacitor voltage reaches the flip-flop inhibition level, so the alternance sequence is reversed and the capacitor is charged again.

In case of no video signal, both killer capacitors voltage are maintained about Vcc/2, below the color off threshold.

The ACC control voltage is obtained by the peak detection of the demodulated burst.

### VIDEO

#### Input Stage

The luminance input is controlled by the contrast control stage which range is 20dB.

The luminance and color difference signals are added in the video matrix circuit to obtain the color signals.

The color signals are sent to an RGB switch which will drive to the outputs either internal RGB signals or external RGB signals.

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### Automatic Cut-off Control

The black levels of the RGB outputs are controlled with the cut-off loops during three line periods after the frame retrace. The cut-off measurements are sequentially achieved during these three lines. The leakage current measurement is achieved during the frame retrace and memorized on an internal capacitor, thus the circuit is able to extract the cut-off current from the total current measurement.

### Warm-up Detector

At the start-up, the cut-off loops are switch off, a

white level is inserted on the luminance signal until a cathode current is detected. Then the cut-off loops are released.

### RGB Inputs

To avoid the black level of the inserted signal differing from the black level of the normal video signal, the external RGB are clamped to the black level of the luminance signal. Therefore, an AC coupling is required for the RGB inputs.

The RGB inputs are controlled by a 12dB range contrast control stage.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
H <sub>V<sub>CC</sub></sub>	Horizontal Supply Voltage (Pin 5)	12	V
V <sub>CC</sub>	Video & Chroma Supply Voltage (Pins 1-41)	H <sub>V<sub>CC</sub></sub> + 0.5	V
H <sub>OUT</sub>	Horizontal Output (Pin 15)	12	V
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature	-55, +150	°C
T <sub>OPER</sub>	Operating Temperature	0, +70	°C

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### THERMAL DATA

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
R <sub>TH(j-a)</sub>	Junction-ambient Thermal Resistance	Max.	60 °C/W

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### DC AND AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(H<sub>V<sub>CC</sub></sub> = V<sub>CC</sub> = 9V, T<sub>AMB</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
H <sub>V<sub>CC</sub></sub>	Scanning Supply Voltage (Pin 5)		8.1	9	9.9	V
V <sub>CC</sub>	Video & Chroma Supply Voltage (Pins 1-41)		8.1	9	9.9	V
I <sub>CCH</sub>	Scanning Supply Current (pin 5)	No load		25	35	mA
I <sub>CCV&amp;C</sub>	Video & Chroma Supply Current (Pins 1-41)	No load		45	55	mA
P <sub>D</sub>	Total Power Dissipation	No load		630	890	mW

### LUMINANCE INPUT (Pin 9)

V <sub>BW9</sub>	Input Voltage		350	490	mV <sub>PP</sub>
V <sub>DC9</sub>	DC Level	No input signal	2.6		V
I <sub>G</sub>	Input Current	• During burst period • Out of burst period	±150	1	µA µA
G <sub>9</sub>	Luma Gain		7.4		
BW467	Bandwidth (Y to R, G, B outputs)	-3dB	6		MHz

### CONTRAST CONTROL (Pin 16)

V <sub>16</sub>	Contrast Control Voltage		2 to 4		V
V <sub>16</sub> (Max.)	Allowed Control Voltage			5	V
G <sub>16</sub>	Contrast Control Range		20		dB
I <sub>16</sub>	Input Current			10	µA

### BRIGHTNESS CONTROL (Pin 36)

V <sub>36</sub>	Brightness Control Voltage		1.8 to 4.3		V
V <sub>36</sub> (Max.)	Allowed Control Voltage			5	V
I <sub>36</sub>	Input Current			10	µA

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**DC AND AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (continued)  
 (HV<sub>CC</sub> = V<sub>CC</sub> = 9V, T<sub>amb</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
SATURATION CONTROL INPUT (Pin 27)						
V <sub>27</sub>	Saturation Control Voltage			2 to 4		V
V <sub>27</sub> (Max.)	Allowed Control Voltage			5		V
G <sub>27</sub>	Saturation Control Range			-50		dB
V <sub>27M</sub>	Mute Level			0.5		V
I <sub>27</sub>	Input Current			10		µA
RGB OUTPUTS (Pins 4-6-7)						
V <sub>BW 4-6-7</sub>	Output Signal Amplitude (black to white)	• 0.35V B to W @ Pin 9 • Contrast @ 4V • Sat. & Brig. @ 3V		2.6		V
I <sub>4-6-7</sub>	Individual Output Sinking Current			2		mA
V <sub>M4-6-7</sub>	Maximum Peak White Level			7.8		V
V <sub>blank 4-6-7</sub>	Blanking Level			0.5		V
V <sub>CO min.</sub>	Minimum Level of Inserted Cut-off Lines			2.5		V
V <sub>CO max.</sub>	Maximum Level of Inserted Cut-off Lines			4.5		V
	Relative Variation in Black Level with Various CONT. SAT. BRIG between the 3 channels			20		mV
ΔV <sub>temp</sub>	Black Level Thermal Drift			0.5		mV/°C
	Tracking between Luminance and Chrominance Signals over 10dB Contrast Control			2		dB
RGB INPUTS (Pins 37-39-40)						
V <sub>BW37-39-40</sub>	Input Amplitude (B to W)			0.7	2	V
V <sub>clamp 37-39-40</sub>	Clamp Level	Contrast max		1.8		V
I <sub>37-39-40</sub>	Control Current			±150		µA
I <sub>37-39-40</sub>	Leakage Current			1		µA
BW <sub>37-39-40</sub>	Bandwidth	-3dB		8		MHz
G <sub>CTR</sub>	RGB Contrast Control Range			14		dB
G <sub>37-39-40</sub>	RGB Gain			3.7		
FAST BLANKING INPUT (Pin 35)						
V <sub>TH1-35</sub>	First Threshold (switching)			0.7		V
V <sub>TH2-35</sub>	Second Threshold (blanking)			2.1		V
T <sub>switch</sub>	Switching Delay			50		ns
T <sub>blank</sub>	Blanking Delay			100		ns
CATHODE CURRENT INPUT (Pin 42)						
V <sub>REF42</sub>	Leakage Current Reference Voltage			1.75		V
ΔV <sub>REF42</sub>	CO Reference refered to Leakage Current Reference			250		mV
I <sub>42</sub>	Output Current		150			µA
V <sub>sb42</sub>	Start-beam Current Detection Reference Voltage			2.4		V
AUTOMATIC CUT-OFF (Pin 3-8-38)						
	Cut-off Capacitor Clamping Current			± 100		µA

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### DC AND AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

( $HV_{CC} = V_{CC} = 9V$ ,  $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$  unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
CHROMINANCE INPUT (Pin 18)						
$V_{18}$	Input Level			0.3	1.0	$V_{PP}$
$V_{burst-18}$	Minimum Burst Signal Amplitude within the ACC Control Range			30		$mV_{PP}$
$G_{ACC}$	ACC Control Range	Change of burst over whole ACC Control Range < 1dB		30		dB
$R_{18}$	Input Impedance			8		$k\Omega$
$V_{DC-18}$	DC Level	No input signal		3.5		V
ACC CAPACITOR (Pin 30)						
$I_{30}$	Charging Current	During burst gate period		250		$\mu A$
$I_{i30}$	Leakage Current	Out of burst gate period			1	$\mu A$
PLL LOOP FILTER (Pin 34)						
$I_{34}$	Control Current			400		$\mu A$
CHROMAXTAL (Pin 33)						
$CR_{33}$	Catching Range			$\pm 700$		Hz
SUBCARRIER OUTPUT (Pin 22)						
$V_{burst-22}$	Output Burst Amplitude	Within ACC Control Range		2		$V_{pp}$
KILLER CAPACITOR (Pin 32)						
$V_{OFF-32}$	Color off Threshold			5.0		V
$V_{ON-32}$	Color on Threshold			5.4		V
$V_{INH-32}$	PAL Flip-flop Inhibition Level			3.2		V
$I_{32}$	Control Current			250		$\mu A$
$V_{nom-32}$	Voltage with Nominal Input Signal			6.0		V
DELAYED CHANNEL INPUT (Pin 20)						
$V_{DC-20}$	DC Level	No input Signal		2.2		V
$R_{20}$	Input Impedance			8		$k\Omega$
COMPOSITE VIDEO BASE BAND SIGNAL (Pin 12)						
$V_{REF-12}$	Clamp Voltage	$I_{12} = -1\mu A$	1.6	1.85	2.1	V
$V_{12}$	Video Input Signal (sync to white)			1		$V_{PP}$
$I_{12}$	Sync Threshold			12		$\mu A$
SCANNING XTAL (Pin 11)						
$F_{11}$	Frequency after Divider			15.625		kHz
$CR_{11}$	Frequency Control Range after Divider			$\pm 700$		Hz
PLL LOOP FILTER (Pin 10)						
$I_{low-10}$	Output Current	Long time constant		0.15		mA
$I_{high-10}$	Output Current	Short time constant		0.40		mA
DELAYED LINE FLYBACK INPUT (Pin 13)						
$V_{TH-13}$	Threshold			0.6		V
$V_{13}$	Allowed Voltage Range		- 0.4		$HV_{CC}$	V
$I_{13}$	Input Current	$V_{13} < 0.6V$			5	$\mu A$

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**DC AND AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**(HV<sub>CC</sub> = V<sub>CC</sub> = 9V, T<sub>amb</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
DIRECT BLANKING INPUT (Pin 2)						
V <sub>TH-2</sub>	Threshold			0.6		V
V <sub>2</sub>	Allowed Voltage Range		-0.4	HV <sub>CC</sub>		V
I <sub>2</sub>	Input Current	V <sub>2</sub> < 0.6V			5	μA

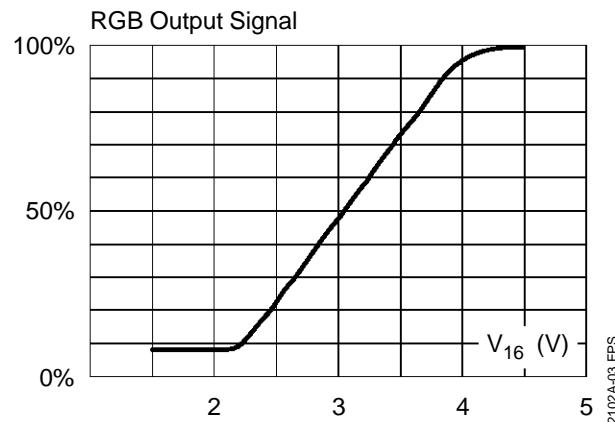
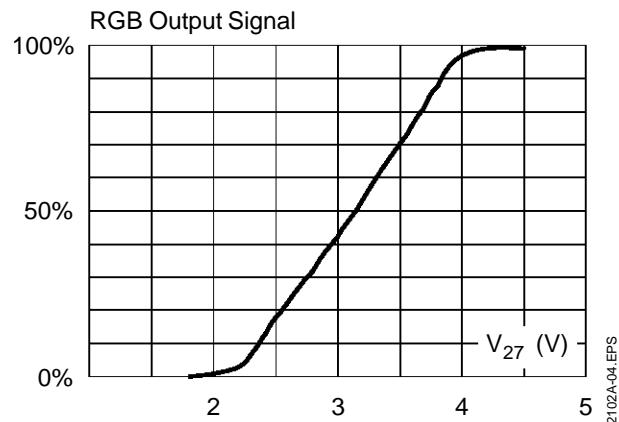
**HORIZONTAL OUTPUT (Pin 15)**

T <sub>15</sub>	Output Pulse Width		26	28	29	μs
V <sub>low-15</sub>	Output Voltage (open collector)	I <sub>15</sub> = 10mA		1.5		V
V <sub>5 start</sub>	HV <sub>CC</sub> Start Threshold			6.8		V
V <sub>5 stop</sub>	HV <sub>CC</sub> Stop Threshold			6.2		V
Δt <sub>15</sub>	φ2 Phase Range			12		μs

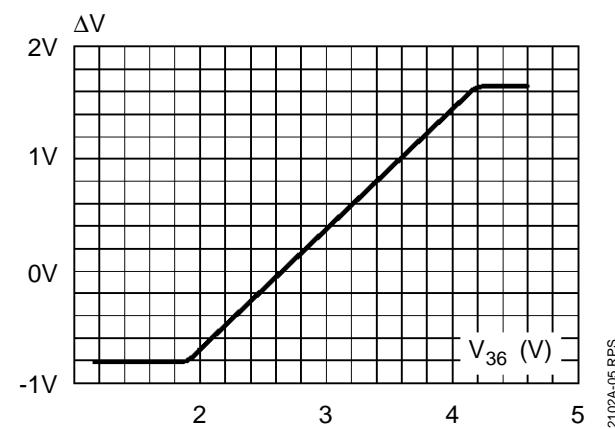
**VERTICAL OUTPUT (Pin 14)**

T <sub>14</sub>	Output Pulse Width		10.5		line	
T <sub>sync1</sub>	Frame Synchro. Window (search)		248 to 352		line	
V <sub>low-14</sub>	Output Voltage (open collector)		1		V	

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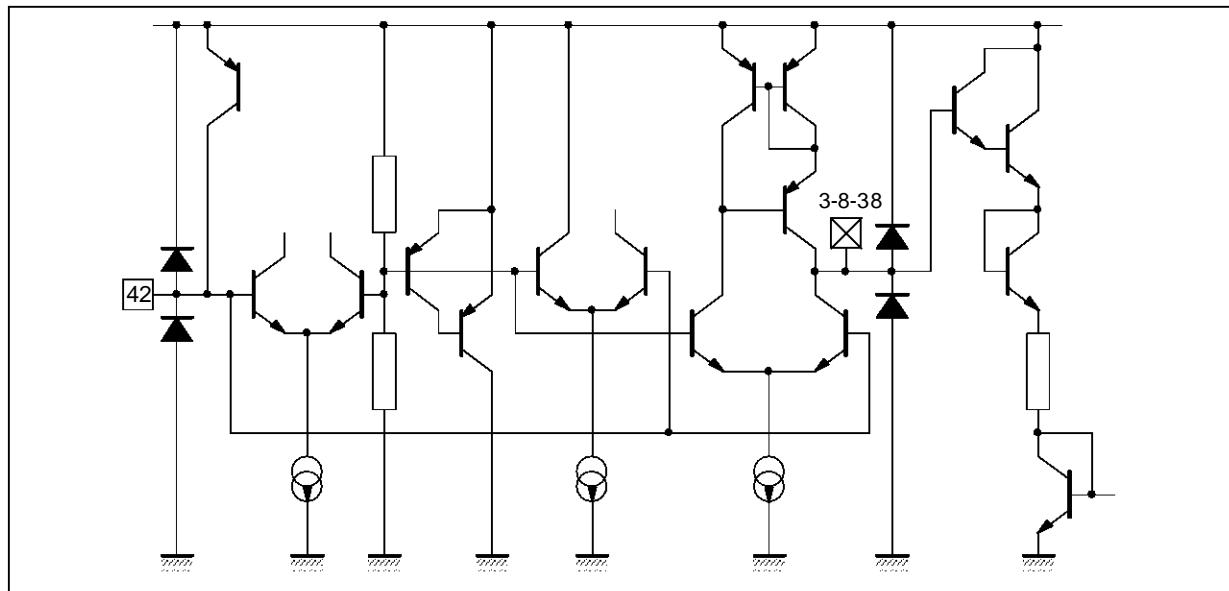
**Figure 1 :** Contrast Control Curve**Figure 2 :** Saturation Control Curve

2102A-05.RPS

**Figure 3 :** Difference between Black Level and measuring Level at RGB Outputs as a function of the Brightness Control Input

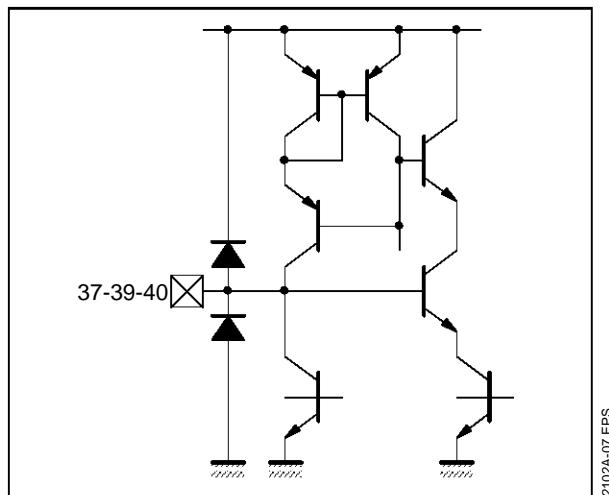
## STV2102A

**Figure 4 : Pins 3-8-38-42 (COG, COB, COR, ICAT)**



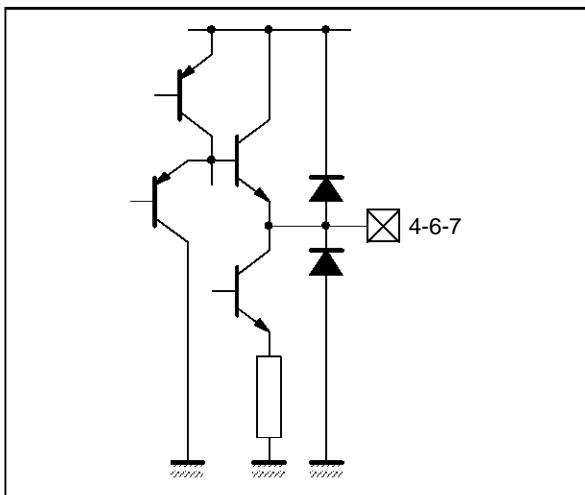
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**Figure 5 : Pins 37-39-40 (RIN, GIN, BIN)**



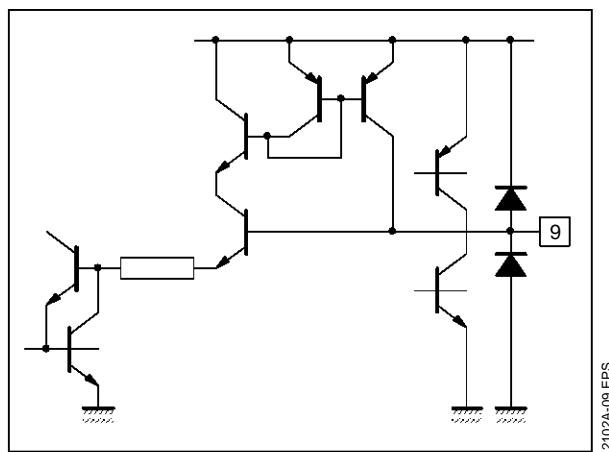
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**Figure 6 : Pins 4-6-7 (ROUT, GOUT, BOUT)**



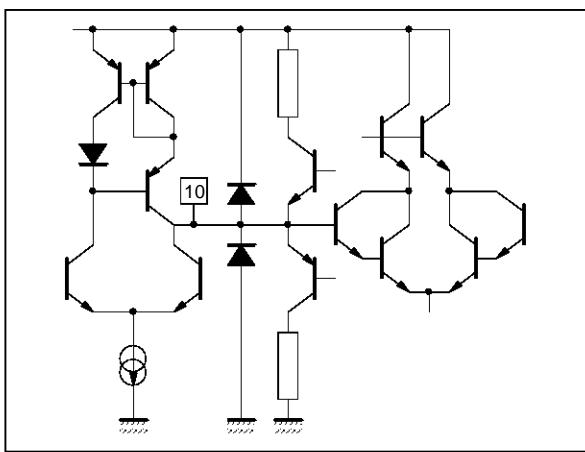
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**Figure 7 : Pin 9 (YIN)**



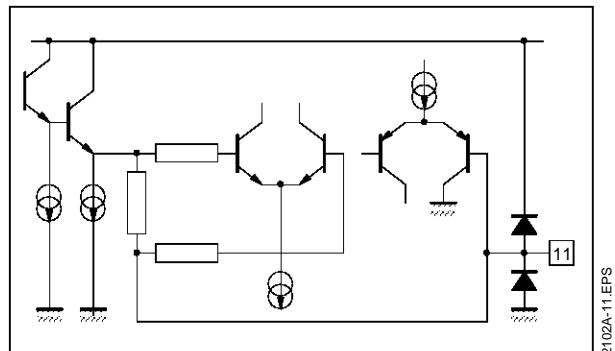
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**Figure 8 : Pin 10 (SLPF)**

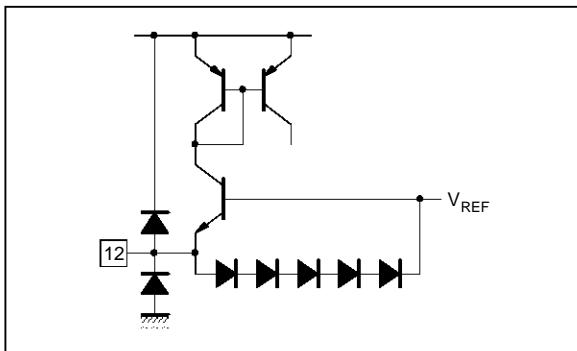


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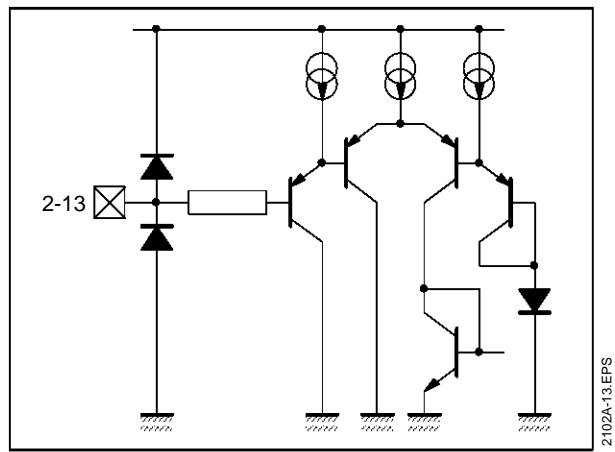
**Figure 9 : Pin 11 (SXTL)**



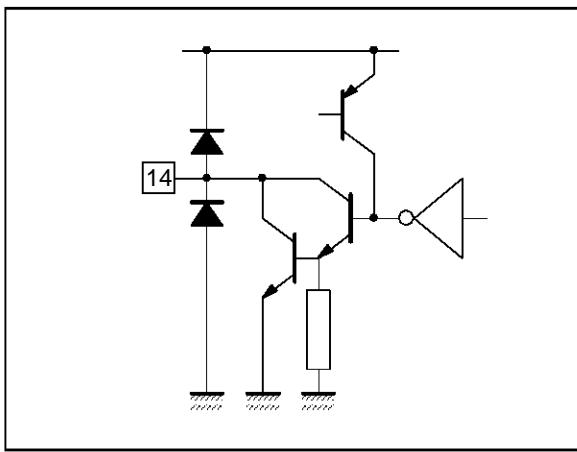
**Figure 10 : Pin 12 (CVBS)**



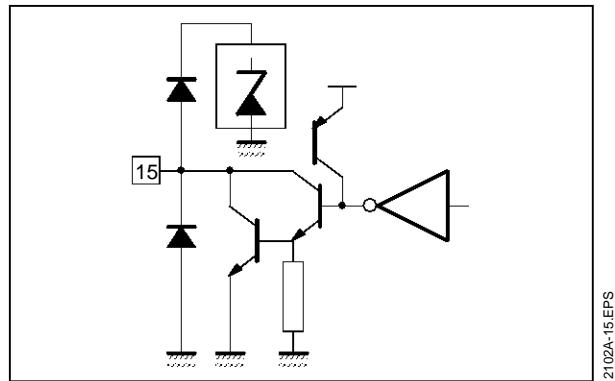
**Figure 11 : Pins 2-13 (BLK, LFB)**



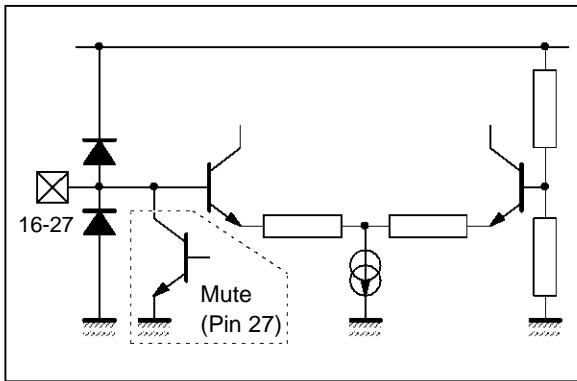
**Figure 12 : Pins 14 (VOUT)**



**Figure 13 : Pin 15 (HOUT)**

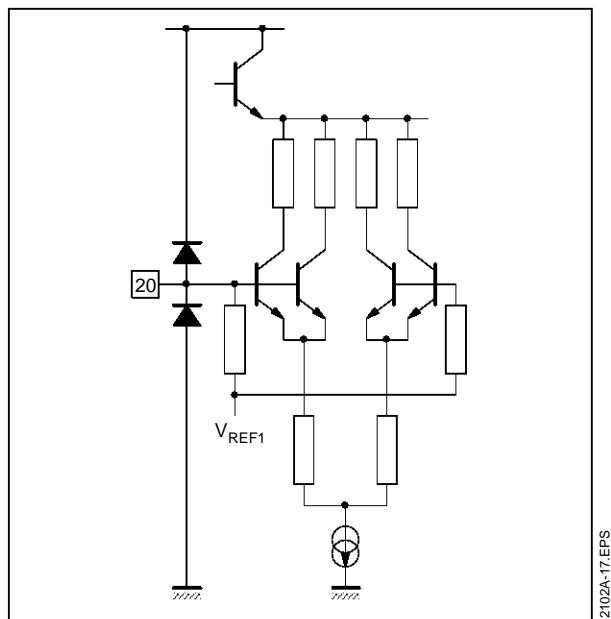


**Figure 14 : Pins 16-27 (CTR, SAT)**

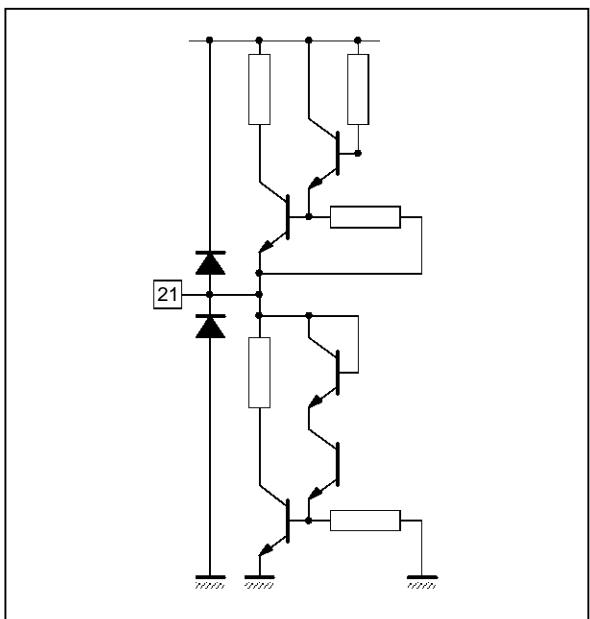


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**Figure 15 : Pin 20 (DLI)**



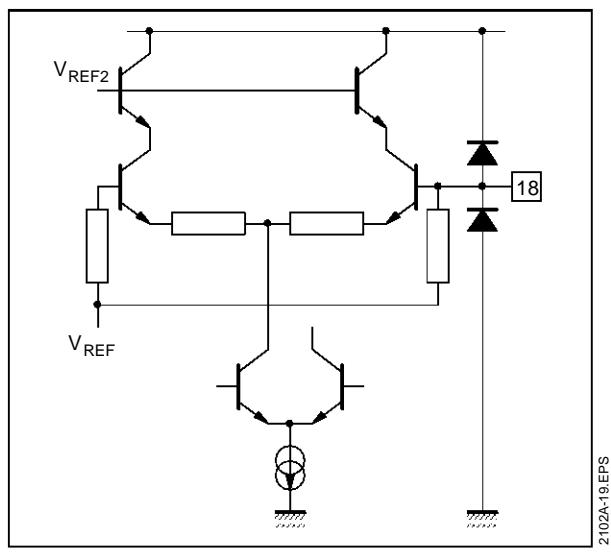
**Figure 16 : Pin 21 (PS)**



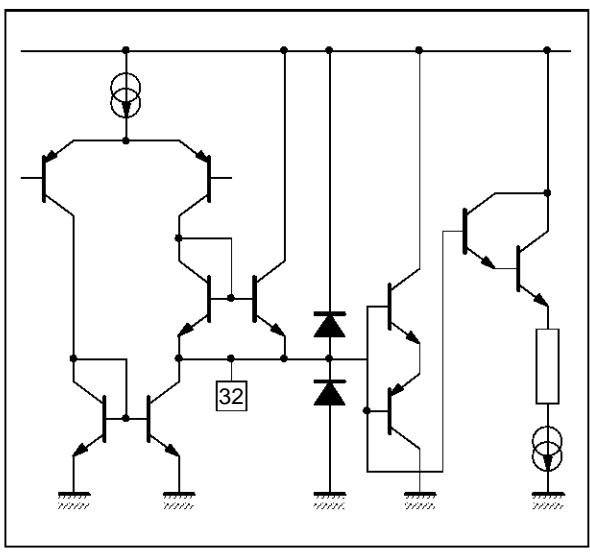
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2102A-18.EPS

**Figure 17 : Pin 18 (PALIN)**



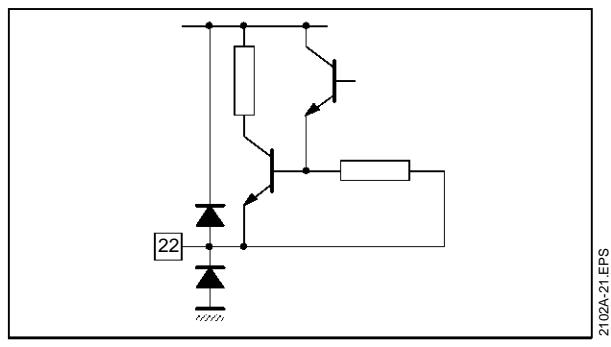
**Figure 18 : Pin 32 (CKP)**



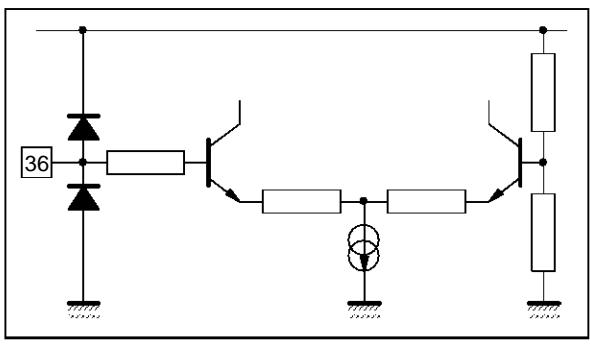
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2102A-20.EPS

**Figure 19 : Pin 22 (DLO)**

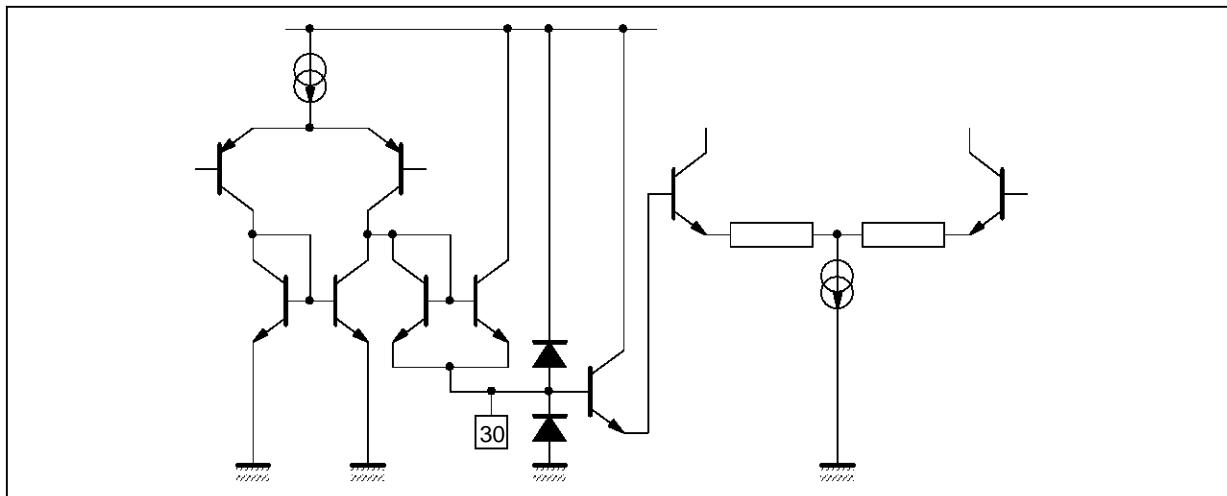
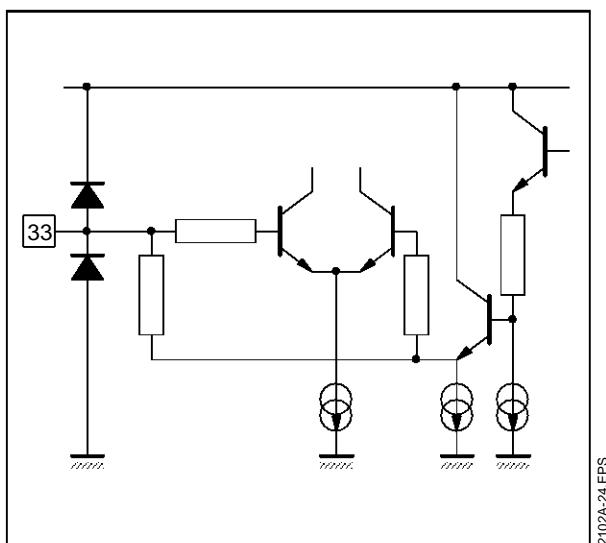
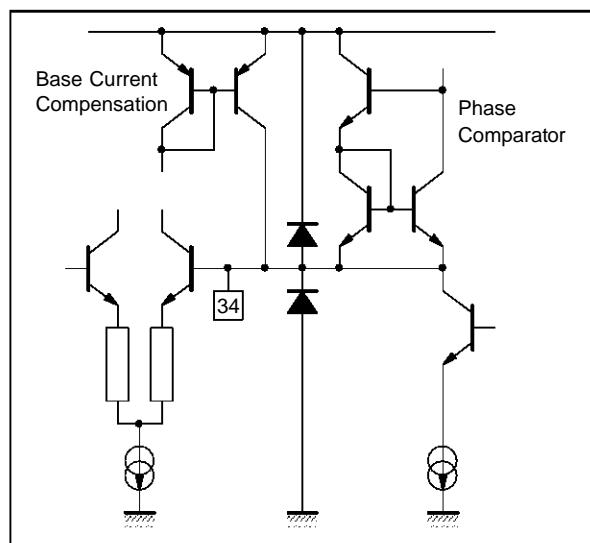
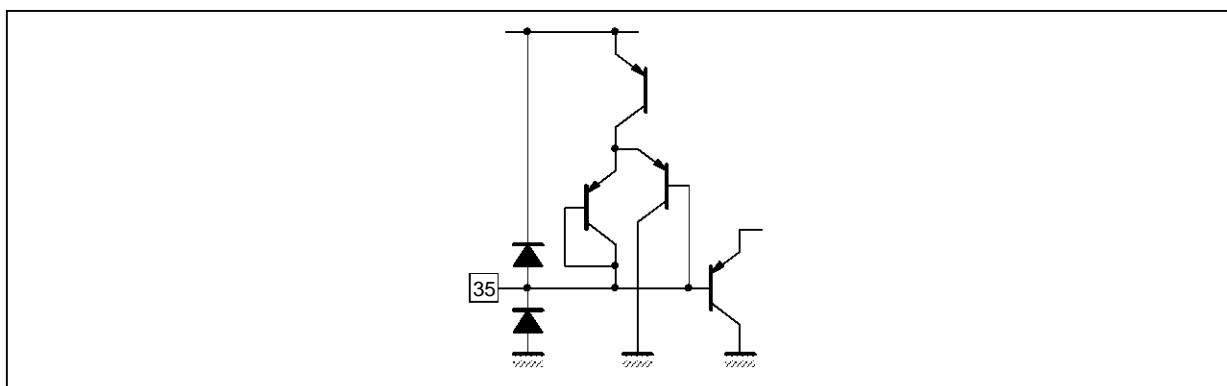


**Figure 20 : Pin 36 (BRIG)**



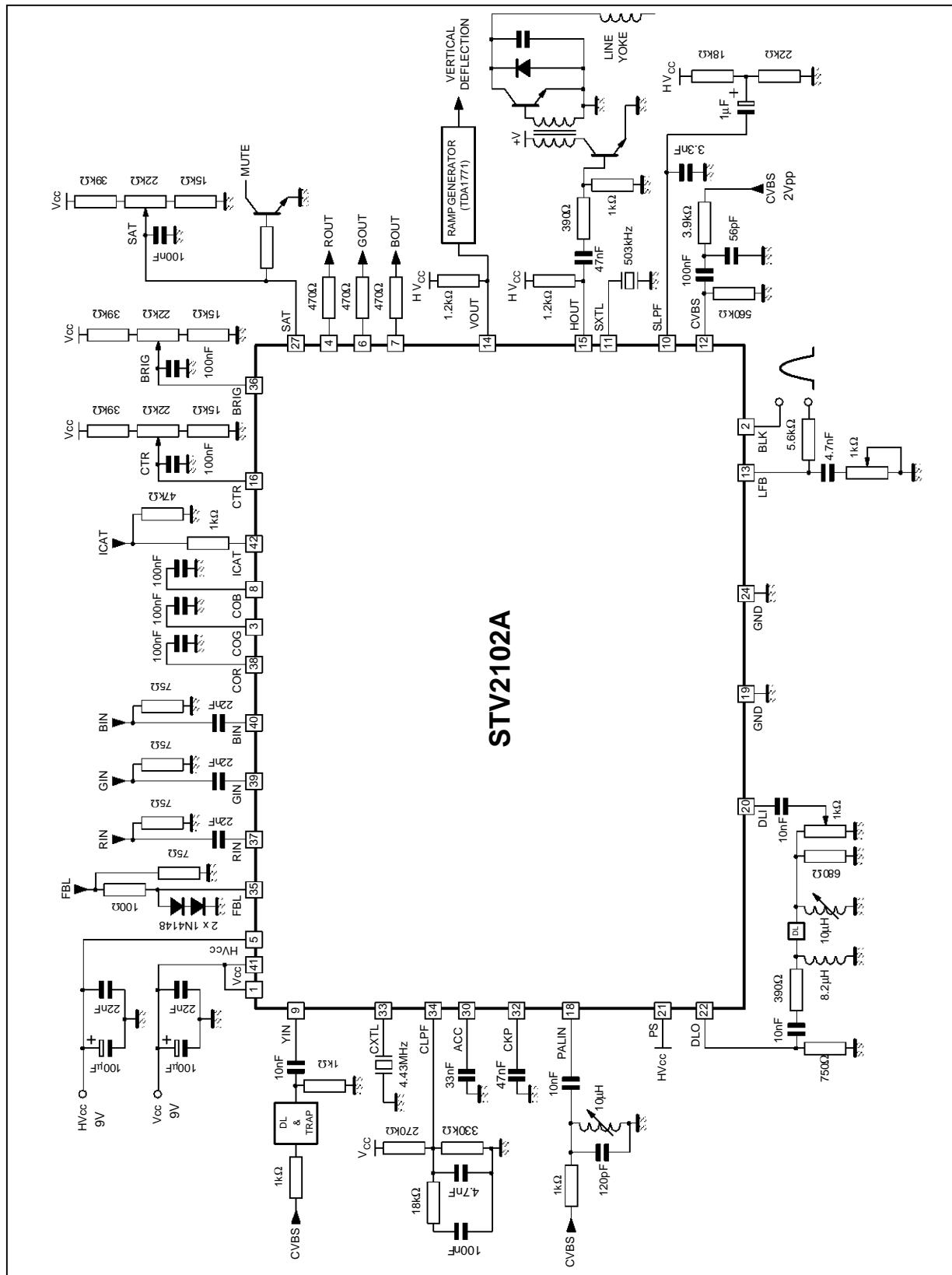
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2102A-22.EPS

**Figure 21 : Pin 30 (ACC)****Figure 22 : Pin 33 (CXTL)****Figure 23 : Pin 34 (CLPF)****Figure 24 : Pin 35 (FBL)**

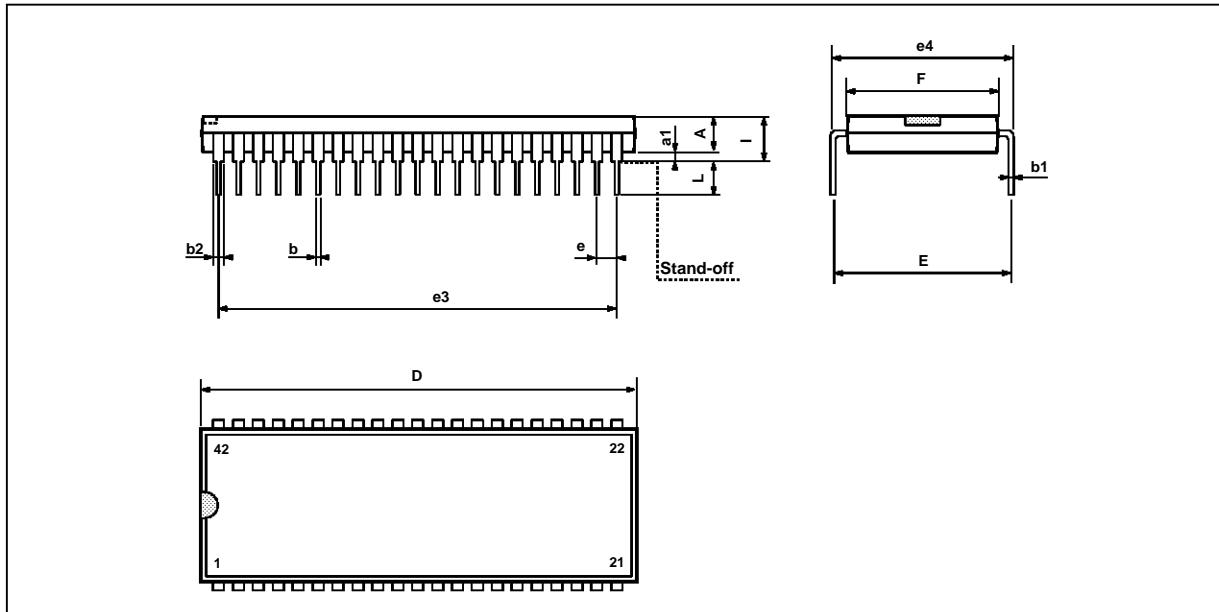
## STV2102A

### APPLICATION DIAGRAM



2102A-27.EPS

**PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA**  
42 PINS - PLASTIC SHRINK DIP



PNSDIP42.EPS

Dimensions	Millimeters			Inches		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A	3.30			0.130		
a1		0.51			0.020	
b		0.35	0.59		0.014	0.023
b1		0.20	0.36		0.008	0.014
b2		0.75	1.42		0.030	0.056
b3		0.75			0.030	
D			39.12			1.540
E		15.57	17.35		0.613	0.683
e	1.778			0.070		
e3	35.56			1.400		
e4	15.24			0.600		
F			14.48			0.570
i			5.08			0.200
L		2.54			0.100	

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